

Victoria Daily Times.

Vol. 23.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1896.

No. 145.

—FOR—

DIAMONDS

—GO TO—

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,

Jewellers. 47 Government Street.

Chenille Curtains And Covers.

In the Sultan, and Gold Medal, qualities direct from the manufacturer. 36 pairs in beautiful coloring with heavy new style Fringe, at from \$4.50 per pair; also
36 4x4 Table Covers, in Choice Designs, at \$.65
18 4x4 " " " ".75
12 6x4 " " " 1.90
12 8x4 " " " 2.50
12 8x4 " " " 3.25

A Rapid Distribution

of Summer Goods is giving our store a Busy-ness that midsummer seldom sees.

But the Prices are the Motor

Big Values are the incentive. Think of it. Genuine P. D. Corsets for \$1.50.

Wash Dress Goods

No use to quote prices, but the low prices will be made still lower, and you may rest assured of the best buying opportunities — by long odds—which you have ever had on PRETTY SEASONABLE DRESS GOODS.

The Westside.

July 26th, 1896.

HUTCHESON & CO.

Something - Wanting.

And this is your patronage. We are making prices for you, and setting the pace for others. Before "buying wholesale," take a look at us. We are peaches red cream for bargains. We are giving you plain talk, can back up if we say and look you straight in the eye.

Gierardellis Ground Chocolate, per lb... 35
Gierardellis Loos Cocos, per lb..... 25
Steel-Oat Oatmeal..... 30
Seafom Soap for the Toilet.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

For a cup of GOOD COFFEE our Java, Maracaibo or Mocha brands can't be beat.

Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Crown Jewels and Government Seals.

Mines.

We make a specialty of selling stocks in developed mines that we know are in the hands of legitimate mining men who know their business. If you want to make money in stocks consult us. Know what you are buying and you will not regret investing in B. C. mines.

Invest, Don't Speculate

And you will be all right. We can convince you that our opinion is worth something.

H. Cuthbert & Co.'y.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GO TO KNIGHTS BOOKSTORE for the Joe Maguire, Crescent and Metropolitan, now ready, 25 Yards street.

FOUND—On the Spanish road, a fur-bone. Owner may have the same by paying for this advertisement. Apply Times office.

COOK WANTED at Trilly restaurant, Johnson street.

WELL FURNISHED housekeeping room to let, 62 Superior street, August 31.

FOR SALE—The coal rights of 318 acres on Pender Island. The land for sale in portions or all. H. J. Robertson, Times office.

BICYCLES FOR SALE—Several Gent's Wheels almost new; bargains. Beeston Human Cyclery, 22 Broad street, al72t.

WANTED—Good, energetic, business-like canvaser for Nanaimo, fast canvas-made \$100 in ten days. Box 221, Whiting Times office.

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white labor employed. Munn Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite Driad. Yard at foot of Johnson street.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Driad.

RELIABLE MAN, not afraid of work, first-class milker, good hand with horses, desires employment. Apply "Whiting" Times office.

NOTICE.

Foster is hereby given that Finland to apply of three days after the license of the British Commissioners of the City of Victoria for transfer to Colin A. Shewan of the license held by me for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Telegraph Hotel, Store street.

Dated this 13th day of August, 1896.

ROBERT ANDERSON.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture dated the 2nd day of March, 1894, recd'ed in the Victoria Land Registry Office in Charge Book Vol. 12, Folio No. 6002 B., tenders will be received by the undersigned at the office of W. H. Mason, 1, Government Street, Victoria, on the 1st day of September, 1896, for the purchase of all that piece or parcel of land situate in the City of Victoria, British Columbia, containing the number of one-half of section of lots 2, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31, of section XXV, Victoria district, as per deposited map in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, No. 532, with the two sections being thus:

The highest or say tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated 12th August, 1896.

LIONEL C. JOHNSON.

Public Auction.

I will sell at public auction on Thursday, the 20th of August, 1896, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, the underwritten goods and chattels at the Chinese garden on Burnside road near Burnside House, Victoria district, under a warrant of distress: Two horses, two wagons, harness, vegetables, chickens, one gun, garden tools, garden seed and other articles.

J. E. MILLIAN,
Sheriff for the bailiffs.

Kindergarten and Primary School

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING SCHOOL,
Victoria, B. C.

DIRECTRESS, MISS DUNLAP

(Graduate of the Normal Colleges of Chicago and Boston.)

The above school will reopen for the Autumn term on September 1st. Further particulars on application to Mrs. Day, Director, Rockland avenue.

Ladies wishing to enter for the First year's course of Kindergarten Training will please communicate with Mrs. Day as soon as possible.

North Ward School

NOTICE.

The teachers and pupils of all divisions of the North Ward School will meet at 9 a.m., tomorrow (Wednesday) morning, at the School premises, Douglas street.

By order,

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

1896

YACHTING ACCIDENT

The Mercer Collides With the Isolde Off Southern and Damages the latter.

Baron Von Zedwitz Struck by Falling Rigging and Almost Instantly Killed.

Deceased was Owner of Disabled Yacht and Well Known in Official Circles.

Southwest, Aug. 18.—The Alisa, Britannia, Satalta and Meteor started this morning in a race for the vice-championship's cup and £25. Not long after the start the Meteor collided with Baron von Zedwitz's American yacht Isolde. The latter was dismasted, the crew knocked overboard and Baron von Zedwitz so seriously injured by falling rigging that he was taken to the Hospital at Ryde unconscious.

The accident caused considerable excitement and confusion. It was at first reported that it was Emperor William's yacht that was dismasted. All the members of the crew of the Isolde were knocked overboard, but were saved by boats from the other yachts.

In passing the committee boat the big yachts overtook the twenty-raters, the Britannia and Meteor, then almost abreast the Isolde, narrowly escaping collision. The Britannia suddenly shifted her helm to avoid the Alisa, when the Meteor struck the Isolde, sweeping her from stem to stern with her bowsprit. The Isolde's mainmast and sails crashed overboard, carrying with them nearly all of the crew of the Isolde, and severely crushed Baron von Zedwitz.

The Britannia and Meteor immediately hove to and lowered their boats to the assistance of the men struggling in the water. The Alisa and other yachts followed their example.

Baron von Zedwitz, when pulled out of the water, had a bad cut in his head and was bleeding from his ears. He was taken aboard a steam yacht immediately and hurried to Ryde, where the nearest hospital was, but he died while en route.

The Isolde, in addition to losing her mast, etc., had her bow stove in and was towed back to Southsea, both of the rudders being abandoned.

The Isolde is a twenty-footer, built by the Herreshoff, and was originally the property of Prince Leopold of Germany, for whom she was built. Subsequently she was sold to Zedwitz and taken to England on the deck of the Hamburg-American steamship Russia.

She has fine lines and has been remarkably successful in races on this side of the water. Capt. Parker and Mate Diappr came over with her on the Riva, and she was first raced in the Mediterranean. She is of the fin and bulb style of yacht, has small cockpit and accommodations easily and is capable of accommodating twelve persons. She is a twin yacht of Mr. Howard Gould's Niagara.

Baron Von Zedwitz was a German privy councillor and a member of both the reichstag and Prussian diet. He had been in parliament about 25 years, was a leading authority on finance in politics and was the leader of the Free Conservative party. Although comparatively a young man he was unanimously recommended in 1890 to the state cabinet for the vacant post of minister of finance. He was not appointed because the emperor had taken a fancy to Dr. Miquel.

THE BALTIMORE CANAL.

Emperor William Please at the Success of the Work.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—The Zeitung records Emperor William's pleasure at the success of the passage of thirty-nine men of war through the Baltic canal. These men-of-war moved at a rate of speed essential for naval manoeuvres, and their successful passage through the canal under forced draught is regarded as an indication that the new canal will be perfectly accessible in case of emergency for the largest ironclads.

SENATOR INGALLS' VIEWS.

Looks for Another Change of Front During the Campaign.

Holton, Kan., Aug. 18.—Ex-United States Senator John J. Ingalls, who is campaigning in Kansas, spoke to an enthusiastic crowd of 4,000, expounding Republican principles. After the meeting he aired his views on the political outlook, stopping to speak of Mr. Bryan's notification address. Senator Ingalls said among other things: "It is not undue eulogy to say that by his Madison Square Garden speech he (Bryan) has put himself on a higher plane than he has yet occupied intellectually."

Continuing, Senator Ingalls said: "From the audiences I have met so far, I conclude that the people are much less interested in the silver question than in the other aspects of the campaign. I look for an entire change of front in our line of battle before the campaign ends. I feel entirely confident that we shall carry this state and the country." The people will be much independent voting and I anticipate many surprises, but I have never felt more sure that the appeal to the conscience and courage of the American people will not be in vain."

HORSES AND CATTLE FOR SALE—One well-matched team of heavy draught horses, four driving or general purpose horses, a number of ponies and near-calfing, thoroughbred stallions, bull, for sale cheap for cash or on good security. Apply to John Blaggott, Blaggott P. O., South Saanich.

BOGUS DOCUMENTS.

President McCall Disavows the Letter to Insurance Men.

Denver, Aug. 18.—State Auditor Parks, who threatened to cancel the license to do business in Colorado of any mutual insurance company using its funds for the dissemination of campaign literature, has received the following telegram:

"C. C. Parks, Superintendent of Insurance: Yours of the 11th inst. received. No circular or other letter has been sent out by any official of this company to its policy holders. This statement is made to apply to all policy holders. See our letter dated to you yesterday."

"New York Life Insurance Co."

In answer to a letter from the Denver agents of the New York Life Insurance Company, President McCall explained that the circular letter of a political nature purporting to come from him was probably received from an interview with him which appeared in an eastern newspaper.

MEMBERS ARRIVING

Preparing for Opening of Parliament at Ottawa To-Morrow—Formal Opening Thursday.

Two Draughtsmen and Squad of Messengers Who are Now "A'g'in the Government."

Ottawa, Aug. 18.—Yesterday afternoon the cabinet had a long session and it is understood, completed the work of preparing the estimates for presentation to parliament.

Members are arriving from all parts to attend the opening of parliament to-morrow. Mr. Maxwell arrived from Toronto to-day. Nearly all the western men will be here this afternoon.

To-morrow very few of the 213 members will be absent when the election of a speaker comes on. The formal opening of the house does not take place until Thursday.

A small squad of Tupper's pets, twenty-five in number, who were officially styled "messengers," but who did not otherwise draw their salaries with unfailing punctuality and regularity, have been relieved from their onerous duties through the thoughtfulness of Mr. Tarte.

J. Marion and L. Anse, two draughtsmen in the public works department, have been notified that their services will not be required after the end of this month. They were discharged on the report of Mr. Costo, chief engineer, who said there was no work for them. So far Mr. Tarte has not dismissed anyone except a Mr. Obay, whom Mr. Desjardins and Mr. Guillet employed to repair the newspapers and make clippings. Mr. Tarte does not require anyone else than those who draw their salaries with unfailing punctuality and regularity, have been relieved from their onerous duties through the thoughtfulness of Mr. Tarte.

Montreal, Aug. 18.—The Prince of Wales succeeds in North Grey and Pateron is defeated, there will no doubt be a strong effort made at the caucus to elect his leader.

As that would involve a final break with the French blocs, they can hardly look for success. Foster under him—the party would have a chance to cleanse itself and adopt new and improved methods and a better policy.

Prescott, Aug. 18.—Angus Grant, for many years superintendent of the G.N.W. Telegraph Company at Montreal, is dead.

Kingston, Aug. 18.—John Burden, of St. Lazarus, Quebec, was drowned in the harbor here by the upsetting of a sailboat.

Montreal, Aug. 18.—Joseph and Luigi Biandri, proprietors of the Tapatio Hotel, Longueuil, have entered action for \$10,000 damages against the cure of the parish, Rev. Father Tasse, who, they allege, referred in injurious terms to their establishment in a recent sermon.

Cornwall, Aug. 18.—The three year old daughter of Elias Pratt was burned to death in her father's house. The child was left alone asleep and it is supposed a spark from Pratt's pipe fired some shavings as he left the house. Desperate efforts were made to rescue the child but without avail.

P. E. Cross, a grand trustee of the province of Quebec Grand Council of Royal Templars of Temperance, is dead here, aged 57 years.

Toronto, Aug. 18.—Two thousand sturdy farm hands from all over Ontario left here this morning on special trains to Manitoba to assist in the harvest. The party was not as large as last year because Manitoba did not want so many this season. Mr. Scott, the immigration agent, accompanied the party who were a hardy looking lot. A great many who leave on these excursions remain in the west and settle. The Canadian Pacific proposes to run "home-seekers' excursions" on September 1st and 15th.

Winnipeg, Aug. 18.—General Supt. Whyte's, from Canada says that a fresh Turkish battalion arrived at the island of Crete last week. There was sharp fighting throughout Friday in the province of Malibya, just outside of Heraklion. The insurgents, 900 in number, were victorious. They drove the Turkish troops to the military zone of Heraklion, capturing four canons and a considerable quantity of arms and ammunition.

BRYAN'S CHANCES.

MET WITH APPROVAL

Salisbury's Remarks Concerning Arbitration on Saturday Last at Installation Ceremonies.

Press Comments on Venezuelan Dispute—Salisbury Should Not Yield to Oiney.

London, Aug. 16.—The statement concerning arbitration made by the Marquis of Salisbury on Saturday last when he was installed as lord warden of the Cinque ports is attracting widespread attention. The Times, Daily News and the Daily Chronicle editorially comment on the importance of the premier's statements. The Pall Mall Gazette, referring to Mr. Balfour's remarks on Friday, concludes a column-leading article this afternoon with the following remarks: "Mr. Balfour and the Marquis of Salisbury's arbitration statements have caused unfeigned satisfaction to thousands of members of our common Anglo-Saxon stock on both sides of the Atlantic."

The St. James Gazette this afternoon says the country will receive the arbitration news with the greatest satisfaction. Further on the same paper remarks it refers to the Marquis of Salisbury will "be so feeble as to yield to Secretary Oiney's demands for the inclusion of the settled districts in the Venezuelan arbitration scheme". The Globe, while completely endorsing the arbitration movement, remarks: "The new arrangement, what ever its details, should certainly be defined in most exact terms in cases which lie within and without the Monroe doctrine."

The Bradford Observer to-day says it understands that, with the sanction of the Marquis of Salisbury, Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassador in Washington, who is now in this city, explained to Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, opposition leader in the house of commons, the full situation of affairs regarding the proposed arbitration prior to Mr. Balfour's remarks on the subject, in the house of commons. In regard to the lands in dispute it says: "If they are held to belong to Venezuela British settlers are then entitled to withdraw and be compensated for whatever losses they may sustain by such withdrawal."

THE NORTH POLE.

General Greely's Views on Explorer Nansen's Trip.

Exeter, N. H., Aug. 18.—Brig. Gen. A. W. Greely, in an interview with an Associated Press reporter, in regard to the Nansen expedition said that the reports thus far published were yet too meager to form an opinion. Gen. Greely said:

"Nansen apparently wintered on Franz Josef land, and he says in his narrative no land north of 82 degrees. The journey was one of extreme danger, and it is remarkable that he returned alive. According to the reports, the land reached by my expedition is the most northerly land yet attained. Nansen's most northern point is at sea. He went just two degrees and 32 minutes further north than did Lockwood and Brainerd, of my expedition, in 1882. When Nansen's observations are worked out they will prove his explorations and will also make interesting reading."

Gen. Greely said that notwithstanding Nansen's reports of an ocean to the pole, recent deductions show that there is land near that point, but that it is north of North America, rather than Siberia. "Apparently Nansen travelled only 125 miles from where he abandoned his ship," said the general. "This is less than half the distance that Lockwood and Brainerd travelled from the headquarters of my expedition at Lady Franklin bay, but I want to say right here that Nansen's perseverance is worthy of the Scandinavian race, and think that the expedition will disappoint those who believe that Franz Josef land extends to the pole. The predictions of six months ago that Nansen's wife return lay in the possibility that he would make and winter at Franz Josef land, seems to have been verified."

CONFIDENCE RENEWED.

A Rise in United States Stocks on London Market.

London, Aug. 18.—The American market dominated the stock exchange during last week. The settlements showed only comparatively small open accounts, one small failure, and a few African ploughmen who recently turned their attentions to America were severely pinched. The news of Bryan's failure to make an impression on the people of New York caused prices to rebound as violently as they were put down recently, while the recent and the gold-crushing report from the Rand put spirit into the African market and indirectly influenced all markets. Foreigners are firm, except Greek stocks, which are weak, owing to reports of an entanglement of Greece in the Cretean troubles. London docks have fallen sharply on the statement that the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company will come to terms with the dock committee and avoid the necessity for the new wharves. Americans declined slightly on Saturday on realizations, but the market shows a general rise, varying from 1 to 10 points on the week."

Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.
Chase's Pills have gained popularity because they are a specific for the uric acid condition, prevent Bright's Disease, cure rheumatism and all catarrhal conditions of the kidneys and bladder. They do this because they possess remarkable alterative, tonic and diuretic properties, exerting a wonderfully influence on irritated or inflamed mucous membranes of the kidneys or bladder. One pill a dose. 25 cents a box. The strongest medicine in the world.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Casteria. When she was a Child, she tried for Casteria. When she became Miss, she chose to Casteria. When she had Children, she gave them Casteria.

HOT IN TEXAS.

The People Are Complaining of the Ardent Heat.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 18.—The sun went down on a parched and withered earth the mercury registering 105. It came up boiling hot, and at 1 o'clock it reached 104, while at 3 o'clock the mercury reached the unprecedented height of 105 degrees, the hottest weather on record for this section. Men panting like tired hounds from the sun and sought in every way to avoid the intolerable heat. At 11 o'clock a little shower of rain, with a gust of wind, came up and sent the thermometer down to 98 and gave the people hope that this was the culminating day of the most extraordinary heat period ever experienced in Texas.

OUR OWN COUNTRY

A Boy Brutally Beaten by His Guardian—Trouble Among the Mounted Police.

Rainy River Mines—Chief Justice Russell Coming—Notes from Prairie Province.

Winnipeg, Aug. 18.—The Tribune publishes a story told by a traveler from Rapid City, that on Wednesday last a boy about 14 years of age ran away from the farm where he was working. The guardian of the boy took a horse, rode after him and caught him at Hamota, ten miles away. He did not inflict the boy any hard usage in town, and took him upon his horse before him, but some time after the lad was found half way to Oak river dying from the effects of terrible burns all over his body. Before he died he recovered sufficiently to tell that his guardian, when they got to a lonely part of the road, tied a rope round his waist, and pushing him off the horse, dragged him along the road. The boy's condition, it is said, fully bore out this statement, and it appeared that after he had been dragged what was supposed to be a sufficient distance, he was left for dead on the roadside. The country people are said to be greatly excited over the affair, and it is reported that the guardian has been arrested, and will be at once sent up for trial.

A well authenticated rumor has reached Regina that a mutiny, or something very like it, is among the mounted police at Prince Albert, no particulars are to hand, but the unpopularity of a certain officer is said to be the immediate cause.

Rev. John Scott, M.A., D.D., wife, two daughters and son, are here en route to Japan, where Dr. Scott will enter upon his duties as principal of the Boys' college at Toyo Eura Gakko. His educational work will include the training of native young men for the Methodist ministry.

The consecration of the bishop-elect of Qu'Appelle, the Very Rev. Down Griswold, takes place on the 30th inst. in Holy Trinity church here.

Hon. Joseph Martin leaves in a few days for a trip to the Kootenay gold fields.

W. Bull has reached Rat Portage from a prospecting trip, and reports a big gold strike in the Manitou. Capt. Bridges is interested in the discovery, which is very rich, with lots of free gold.

Joseph Henry was shot at David Jackson's farm near Rapid City, and is not expected to recover. Foul play is suspected and the police are investigating the matter.

Toronto, Aug. 18.—Herbert Cuthbert, a member of the Victoria Board of Trade and the Victoria Stock Exchange, is here to interest local capitalists in Pacific coast mines. He says there are not three mining properties in British Columbia, where the title is perfect, whose stocks are lower now than they were six months ago. The big jumps in prices, he adds, were based on true developments of the properties.

Robert H. Ahn, of Rat Portage, who is placing the stock of the Golden Gate mine, Rainy river, on the market, on Saturday received an offer cabled from Edinburgh, from Lord Mount Stuart of Elphinstone, son of Lord Mount Elphinstone, for the entire property. Mr. Ahn says the offer has not been accepted.

W. D. Balfour, member of the Ontario legislature for South Essex, who two weeks ago resigned the speakership to become provincial secretary in the Hardy government, is dying at his home in the parliament buildings from the effects of an attack of bleeding of the lungs.

Ad. Scott, who crossed to New York with Chief Justice Russell, announces that his lordship will visit Toronto.

Ottawa, Aug. 18.—The high commissioner warns Canadian inventors against having any dealings with the International Patentees Agency, a swindling concern with its headquarters in London, England.

Hon. John Costigan has left for Ireland. This is his first visit to the Green Isle.

A team from the Royal Berkshire regiment will take part in the D.R.A. matches.

Macleod, N.W.T., Aug. 18.—On Saturday morning Mr. A. W. Gillingham's sawmill at the north fork of Old Man's river, forty miles from Macleod, was the scene of a fatal accident. A boiler exploded, killing three men named Smith, May and Edsell and injuring Messrs. Gillingham and Nelson. The mill was completely burned down.

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Halifax, Aug. 18.—Wallace Willis, while working on a farm near Amherst, fell off the hay stack on the points of a hay fork, receiving injuries which proved fatal.

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They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Foster's Little Liver Pill after eating; it will relieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, give tone and vigor to the system.

Closing out bicycles, a few left Shore's Hardware.

THE BOERS ARMING

Attempt to Overthrow Treaty Obligations Towards England May be Meditated.

President Kruger and Rhodes Invited to Submit Evidence re Jane on Trial.

London, Aug. 18.—The Times publishes a letter from Pretoria in which the correspondent notes the continued arming of the forces of the Transvaal Republic and dwells upon the universal opinion existing among the Boers that an attempt to overthrow the treaty obligations towards England is meditated. The correspondent is of the opinion that the more shrewd view is that the Transvaal authorities will only "try on" the programme intended for the purpose of seeing "how much England will stand" and if signs of weakness are detected they will make the abrogation of the treaty clauses adopted by the Anglo-Boer convention of 1884, which placed the British government in control of the foreign relations of the Transvaal Republic, the basis of a compromise. In conclusion, the correspondent of the Times asserts that he is confident that the Transvaal government will not go to the extent of fighting. He believes that President Kruger is too wary to allow the Boers to be forced into a course which could only lead to disaster.

Colonial Secretary Chamberlain has mailed an invitation to Cecil Rhodes, the News reporter, asking him to come to England in January to testify before the committee of inquiry into the British South Africa Company's administration.

Mr. Chamberlain has also invited President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic, to submit any evidence he may have relative to the Jameson raid.

The Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says that President Kruger, of the Transvaal Republic, has asked the Telegraph to deny the rumor that he has arranged a treaty with a foreign power in violation of the agreement which places Great Britain in charge of the foreign affairs of the Republic.

The statement of the Sunday Sun, of London, to the effect that President Kruger of the Transvaal Republic has concluded a treaty with foreign power in contravention of the Anglo-Boer convention of 1884, which places Great Britain in control of the foreign relations of the Transvaal, and that Great Britain has demanded an explanation from the Boer government, was to-day officially denied.

It is officially announced that the Rt. Hon. Sir John Monson, British ambassador at Vienna, has been appointed British ambassador at Paris, in succession to the Marquis of Dufferin whose term of service has expired.

Sir Horace Rumbold, Bart., British minister at The Hague, and formerly attaché of the British ministry at Washington, succeeds Sir John Monson as British ambassador at Vienna. Sir John Monson is a brother of Viscount Oxenbridge and was born in 1833.

The heavy rains put a stop to all the rioting in Belfast and no further trouble of this nature have been reported. The troops, however, are still confined at the barracks awaiting further orders.

The finest assortment of articles suitable for wedding presents that can be seen in the provinces at Weller Bros.

GERMANY'S CRISIS.

Important Point Reached in the Internal Policy of the Empire.

London, Aug. 18.—A dispatch to the Times from Berlin attributes the disaffection of Gen. Bismarck Von Scheidemann, minister of war, largely to the influence over Emperor William of Gen. Von Hanke, the side-de-camp general. The Berlin correspondent of the Times adds that it is believed that a crisis in the internal policy of the empire has been reached, and that the gradual removal of the more independent advisors of the crown is the beginning of the inauguration of a policy of reaction which augurs ill for the powerful developments of German political life.

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Closing out bicycles, a few left Shore's Hardware.

Scrofula

Infests the blood of humanity. It appears in varied forms, but is forced to yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies and vitalizes the blood and cures all such diseases. Read this:

"In September, 1894, I made a master and injured my ankle. Very soon afterwards,

A Sore

two inches across formed and in walking to favor it I sprained my ankle. The sore became worse; I could not put my foot on and I thought I should have to give up at every step. I could not get any relief and had to stop work. I read of a case of a similar case by Hood's Sarsaparilla and concluded to try it. Before I had taken all of two bottles the sore had healed and the swelling had gone down. My

Foot

is now well and I have been greatly relieved otherwise. I have increased in weight and am in better health. I cannot say enough in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. H. BLACK, So. Berwick, Me.

This and other similar cases prove the

Hood's

Sarsaparilla

is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists Prepared only by C. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The best family cathartic and

Hood's Pills and Liver Pills.

Notice.

Chatham Street, between Blanshard and Quadra, is closed to traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,

City Engineer.

Dental Notice

Dr. T. J. Jones' Dental Business will be carried on as usual

during his illness.

NOTICE.

WALTER H. GIBSON

35 Pandora St., Victoria, B. C.

Proprietor and General Advertising

Agent for Above and Surrounding

Counties. I refer by permission to the

Canada and United States Advertisers

Agency, London, England.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply

at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing

Commissioners for the city of Victoria, for a

transfer to George Lester Jones of the business

now held by me in oil refinery and distillery

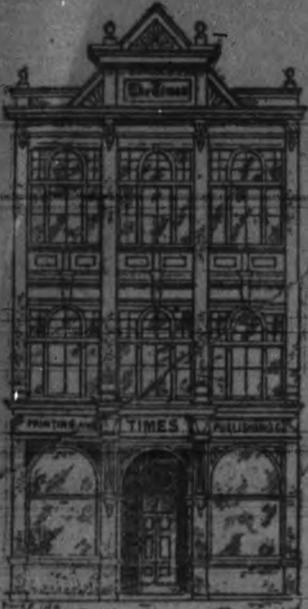
located at 101 West Fourth Street, known as

the Westgate Hotel, situated on Yates street

AUGUST.

S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
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23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER
Room 7, Board of Trade Building.



The Daily Times.

NOT A SUCCESS.

A best political party is always entitled to a little indulgence in the matter of finding salve for its sores. Therefore if Conservative papers did find consolation in the "fake" figures relating to the general election which they have fathered on the clerk of the crown in chancery, no great objection would be made in any quarter. But it seems a little too sick for them to take a set of unofficial figures and present them as official, and then to endeavor to create the impression that the clerk of the crown in chancery was responsible for a classification of candidates and votes which he would never dream of making. They ought, in all honesty, to have let their readers know that the "fake" was all their own, in which case said readers would have known what value to attach to it. Now that the attempted deception has been exposed the truth will be all the greater a blow to those who were guilty. Doubtless it was a brilliant mind that conceived the idea of putting the Liberals in a minority as regards the popular vote, but the plan is evidently not likely to prove a huge success.

CITY LIGHTING.

New Westminster's experiment in the civic ownership and operation of the electric light franchise and plant has apparently been quite satisfactory. In a letter re civic expenditures published the other day Ald. Marchant mentioned the item of "street lighting, \$12,270," an amount which he characterized as moderate, "for the excellent service rendered." The Columbian in commenting on this compares New Westminster's experience in the matter of cost. It says: "As the annual payment for interest and sinking fund on Victoria's civic debt is elsewhere given in the letter referred to, the figures above represent only the actual cost of operating the plant. Victoria, like New Westminster, owns its own street lighting system, but, unlike New Westminster, it stops at that, and the supplying of light to private citizens is in the hands of a company. If we are not in error, the lighting of the civic buildings is done by private companies, and of course has to be paid for. Now, it will not be disputed that our street lighting here is better than Victoria's. Of course, theirs covers a larger area; but, as a matter of fact, we believe we have very nearly as much candle power on the streets as they have. With less than half their population, this means a much better lighted town. Now, what does our light cost the taxpayers, figuring on the same basis—that is to say, taking just the operating expenses—without the charges for sinking and interest fund on the capital invested in putting in the plant? We should have to employ a minus sign to express it in straight figures. That is to say, it costs nothing at all, but, on the contrary, the works, even in these hard times, yield a profit. This is not the whole story. Cheap light in private homes; luxurious lighting of public buildings; street lamps away out on distant corners in the suburbs, where darkness would reign, if the city were buying its light, for years to come—these things can hardly be reckoned up in dollars and cents, but they tell heavily in the important matter of making the town a comfortable place to live in. There is no reason to doubt the Columbian's estimate of the quality or the correctness of its statement of cost. Victorians are therefore left only the doubtful pleasure of envying the sister city's lux-

ury of good street light obtained without cost.

Outside of the Colonist's imagination, no evidence can be found that "the Grits are whining in a most melancholy way and accusing the Conservatives of inconsistency." It has been found, in connection with the North Grey election, that the Conservative leaders have made confession of their own ardent hypocrisy as regards the Manitoba school question, but nobody is whining over the discovery. Nobody is even surprised over it, for there was a very general understanding all the while that they were guilty of the meanest sort of hypocrisy. It is not likely that their own followers were deceived.

The Globe: The newspapers which are nominating commissioners to settle the Manitoba school question almost invariably select lawyers and clergymen as the members thereof. The legal and religious aspects of the case are important, no doubt, but both of them have been exhaustively dealt with. Two decisions have been rendered by Manitoba judges, two by the supreme court, and two by the judicial committee of the privy council, and nearly all the lawyers in parliament and all the bishops in Quebec have discussed the question. But there is plenty of room for the opinions of educational experts like Principal Grant. It would also be interesting to know really what the minority in Manitoba, the people who are mainly concerned, think about the matter.

POINT ELICE BRIDGE SUFFERERS.

To the Editor:—I notice the report in your valuable paper, of the meeting of the relatives of those lost in the Point Ellice bridge disaster, at Spring Ridge. The city is evidently in for another costly law suit, and as we generally lose it well that we consider the matter before it is too late.

I regret to see that the council appear to be allowing the mayor to do what he considers a smart thing, repudiate all liability of the city towards the sufferers. It is well and right to conserve the rights of the city legitimately within the lines of justice, but as citizens we are bound to see that the sufferers have justice to our last dollar. It appears to me that it is the duty of the city council and the car company to get together and try to apportion their share of the responsibility. Call the sufferers together and make them a fair offer; they would naturally accept half or less than they will endeavor to get by process of law, for we shall spend half as much or more fighting the matter as would settle it. Had the mayor at once opened and headed a subscription for the immediate necessity of the needy ones he would have been nobly seconded by the citizens, whose hearts are right if only the leader had risen, and we should have had the sympathy of everyone. Now they are driven into fighting for their rights, as no doubts they are entitled to compensation from someone.

Has Mayor Beaven no sympathy for the widows and orphans? His good clothing and comfortable home are happily assured, whilst some of those dependent on the killed are wanting bread or being supported by public benevolence. I would ask the council to hesitate before being led into a heated lawsuit and by a leader who discharged the waterworks engineer who had three months' work to put in, but had received all the remuneration for it, while now we have to pay \$10 a day for another engineer to do the work. Has the business capacity of the mayor, which was the sole reason for his election, deserted him? Depend upon it, righteousness exalteth a city as well as a nation. I may say I am not a sufferer directly or indirectly.

TAXPAYER.

THE NORTH WARD SCHOOL.

To the Editor:—I have followed with much interest the correspondence about the above which has appeared in your columns. Most heartily do I endorse the letters of "C" and "A Thankful Parent." In common with many other residents I was so far left to myself that I allowed my son to go to the newly-constructed school at the beginning of the term. I had an understanding with the teacher, such confidence in the building having the building in safe and proper condition for our young puposes that "C" and "A Thankful Parent" are common with many others. I am so far left to myself that I allowed my son to go to the newly-constructed school at the beginning of the term. I had an understanding with the teacher, such confidence in the building having the building in safe and proper condition for our young puposes that "C" and "A Thankful Parent" are common with many others. I am so far left to myself that I allowed my son to go to the newly-constructed school at the beginning of the term. 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Germicides • and • Deodorizers
AT no GOVERNMENT STREET.

BOWES, Dispenses Prescriptions.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

-Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Govt. st.
-Cheap tinware at R. A. Brown & Co., 80 Douglas street.

-H. M. S. Imperious left yesterday afternoon on a ten days' cruise.

-Peerless Lodge, No. 33, I.O.O.F., paid Victoria Lodge a fraternal visit last evening.

-Merchants' sign and price markers, call and inspect Johnston's, Kirk block, Douglas street.

Remenyi, the great Hungarian violinist, will probably appear here on the evening of September 30.

-If you want to enjoy the comforts of a home, buy a 10c. package of genuine Tonka Smoking Mixture.

-When you buy the famous BEAVER Chewing Tobacco, be sure the word Beaver is on each plug.

-English Jelly Cans, Pudding Bowls, Jelly Moulds, Fancy Jugs, etc., at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

-A drab colored shawl, found a Mass street a couple of weeks ago, awaits an owner at the police station.

-The appointment of H. C. Macanay as provisional liquidator of the Sayward Mill and Timber Company, was to-day confirmed by the supreme court.

-Sergeants' Council, Y.M.C.A., will hold its annual picnic and excursion on labor day, the 7th of September. A good programme of sports is being arranged.

-No. 3 company, Fifth Regiment, marched from the Drill Hall to Dallas Road and Beacon Hill park last evening. Lieutenant Hibben was in command.

The funeral of the late Mrs. William Appleby took place yesterday afternoon, the services being conducted by Rev. Canon Beanlands. The pallbearers were: Messrs. Thomas Stark, John Sherbourne, H. Munday, A. J. Woodward, R. Brayshaw, S. Sutherland.

George Golding, marine, was this morning sentenced to 24 hours' confinement, for having in his possession a clock that had been stolen. A Chinaman was fined \$1.00 for carrying swill through the streets during prohibited hours, and a countryman of his, similarly charged, proved his innocence.

The Kindergarten and Primary school and Kindergarten training school will re-open on September 1st under the direction of Miss Dunlap, graduate of the Normal colleges of Chicago and Boston. Particulars can be obtained on application to Mrs. Day, Derrein, Rockland avenue.

Among the drunks convicted yesterday were John Gill and Alexander Frierer. The former, being an old offender, was fined \$1.00, while the latter, being a novice, was allowed out with a warning. This morning both were back in the box, they having started another spree as soon as they left the lockup. Fines of \$1.00 each or 14 days were imposed.

The Hon. Col. Baker will deliver a lecture before the Victoria Teachers' Institute, in the assembly room of the South Park school on Thursday evening the 20th instant. All interested in educational matters are cordially invited to be present. A short musical programme will be furnished before and after the lecture. The subject of the lecture is "Altruism."

PERSONAL.

Frank Coombs, Union, is at the Victoria.

T. D. Conway, Chemainus, is registered at the Oriental.

John Braden, M.P.P., and John Hepburn returned from Alberni to-day.

W. E. Wilson has arrived from Iniqui-qui, where he spent a year or more.

A. B. Gray, representing R. P. Rutherford & Co., Ltd., in Kootenay, is in the city.

The Archdeacon of Nova Scotia, Mrs. Kanaback and son, are guests at the Delta.

Melvin St. John arrived from the East last evening and is registered at the Delta.

Capt. Adam Smith, who brought the steamer Tees around the Horn, left this morning for England.

Son, J. H. Turner left this morning for Banff. He will make a tour of the Kootenay country before returning home.

E. J. Salmon, Mrs. C. Salmon, Mrs. L. Salmon and Mrs. Cohna left Sunday for Sunday for Europe via the G.P.R. and S.S. Sardinia.

Young Avenue has got a place in a few words, "Incredible," etc. I thought he was too sleepy to do his best. "Oh, they'll put him in the night shift department." -Gulfine Times.

Awarded

Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grade of Tartar Powder, Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ALBERNI EXCURSION

Victorians Will Visit the Mines by Steamer Tees Leaving on Friday Evening.

Steamer Thistle Chartered by a Vancouver Company for Halibut Season.

Already a number of Victoria business men interested in Alberni mines have signified their intention of going down there on the C. P. R. Co.'s new steamer Tees, which leaves on her initial trip next Friday evening. In order to give those who wish an opportunity to examine all the mines, the Tees will remain there for 30 hours. It is understood that the first clean-up of the Duke of York hydraulic claim will be made while the visitors from Victoria are present, and this itself will be well worth the cost of the trip. Besides there is an additional attraction of a new voyage—a new, safe and comfortable steamer. Return tickets to Alberni will be sold for \$10.

At noon to-day the C.P.N. Co.'s steamer Mandie completed what is probably her last trip to the West Coast for some time, as the new steamer Tees will replace her on the route. Captain Roberts reports that very few salmon have been caught by boats from the Clayoquot, Canangy and none by the Nootka cannery boats. In all probability the salmon season the West Coast will prove a flat failure this being an off year there. The Mandie had a large number of passengers, among them being Jno. Braden, M.P.P., and Jno. Hepburn, who were at Alberni looking after their mining interests.

Rev. W. P. McKay, the secretary of the foreign missionary society; Rev. W. Swartout, the Alberni missionary; Rev. Mr. Stone, Mrs. Raitt, F. A. Ellis, J. Geddes, J. Lorkin, F. Stockholm, J. Williams, W. Robertson, E. McDonald, Master Netherby, J. Robinson, J. J. Baird. The Mandie took a lot of naval stores to Esquimalt this afternoon.

The halibut season will probably open about Sept. 1. It is understood that a Vancouver company has chartered the steamer Thistle to carry fish for them from the halibut banks to the Terminal City. As the Thistle was under charter for the Victoria Fishing and Trading Company last year it is not yet known what steamer will be secured by them for the work this season, but it is rumored that negotiations are now pending to charter the Mandie from the C.P.N. Co.

Capt. George A. Newman, of the Seattle sealing schooner Delphus, in a letter written from Unalaska states that 30 British sealers, 6 Americans, and three Japanese and two whalers had arrived there. The prospects for a good catch were excellent.

The excursion steamer Queen will take a cargo of coal from Departure Bay to San Francisco.

QUESTION OF OWNERSHIP.

Railway Company Claim the Coal Under Land Sold by Them.

It is more than probable that another case similar to the precious metals case which has recently been decided by the privy council of England in the interests of the free miner and against the E. & N. railway company, will be introduced into the courts. Some six or seven years ago Mr. Frank V. Hobbs, of Douglas street, purchased from the E. & N. railway company 160 acres of land in the vicinity of what is now known as the Extension mine, which is being opened up by the railway company. Mr. Hobbs then made a payment, and an agreement was entered into which stipulated when and how the other payments were to be made but which embodied no reversion whatever. In the meantime a promising seam of coal was discovered in the locality and the railway company began operating the Extension mine. When Mr. Hobbs made the remaining payments, the railway company presented a deed which he refused to accept. It had clauses reserving for the railway company the coal, the marble, the right to sink shafts, the right to build roads through the property, the right to use any of the land as a dumping place for the waste from the mines, and all without compensation. There the matter rests. The courts will probably decide the question of ownership of the coal under the land and also the ownership of the land above the coal. Mr. Hobbs has retained the services of a legal firm in this city to watch his interests.

PASSENGERS.

For steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Mr. Coombs, M. D. Groote, J. Holland, W. T. Preston, Bert Earl, A. Scanford, Mrs. Groote.

For Str. Rithet from New Westminster—Miss M. Armstrong, Mrs. Clay, Mrs. Gillison, Mrs. Matthews, Mrs. Blair, John B. Nickerson, W. J. Brennan, J. Collier, P. Murray, J. Marymont, G. M. Irving, A. Logan, Mrs. Brinston, W. E. Pine, B. R. Patman, H. Sutton.

CONSIGNEES.

For steamer Rosalie from the Sound—A. Sarantis, John Wilson, Erskine, W. Co., L. W. White & Co., Cadichy & Co., H. Riches, Vale & Brooks, A. B. Bills, Brackman & Ker, Weier Bros., Young Bros., Armstrong & Co., notify Felt & Co., McGregor & Son, B. C. Market Co., Gouffres, F. & Co., Albion Iron Works, A. W. Knight, T. N. Huben, H. Jamison, W. Wilby, Freyberger.

"Now here, young man, said the portly law officer, his eye still half closed, "I am informed that you are owing every one in town."

"Not yet, father; but give me time and I will justify the report."

Anyways Mother—Dad, I'm afraid this halibut is bound to have a very hard time getting his teeth into it.

Dad—Grouchy—he will have a great sight

and then next instant was on the fender and out of danger.

The sight of the ship would have meant the switchman's death, for had he missed his footing he would have gone under the wheels, and yet I have no doubt that he has been doing this for some years.

That tired, long-ridged feeling and dull headache is a disease peculiar to the two of us. Come's Little Liver Pill before retiring and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

The Children

Look their best during the holidays. Have their photos taken by

SKENE LOWE.

A FAST FIVE MILES

Fantau of Olympic Club Cuts Down the Record for Five Mile Bicycle Race.

Portland and Winnipeg Cricket Teams to Play Here—Other Sporting Events.

THE WHEEL.

FASTEAST FIVE MILES.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—As the result of the sensational riding of George Tantau the Olympic Club wheelmen enjoy the honor of having conducted the fastest five mile road race yet held in any section of the world. It was an event that once more demonstrates the superiority of California's riders at the distance, as this makes the third time they have gained the distinction of making the fastest five mile performance.

Tantau's time for the five miles was 11:24, which will stand as the world's competition record for the distance. G. Haslin, of the San Francisco road club, holds the world's record for five miles against time. It is 11:11.2-5, now both marks belonging to California. The official timers of the associated clubs in charge of Chairman Stratton, on the road racing board, did the timing, so that there can be no question as to its correctness.

Promptly at 12 o'clock Starter Fawcett sent the scratch men on their way to glory, 17 other riders having departed all the way up to three minutes before. The course was in splendid condition, and with a strong wind at their backs the riders struck out at a terrific clip from the start. When they came in sight of the finish the two-minute bunch was leading with H. G. Edwards in front. The latter was coming strong and with a fine effort crossed the tape three seconds in the lead. Helmores was second and Cosgriff third.

Hardly had they crossed the line when the scratch men came into view. For a quarter of a mile Tantau and Wing were wheel and wheel, but when within 50 yards from the tape the latter appeared to give up the struggle and his speedy opponent finished a wheel's length ahead of him. Bell was behind Wing by the same narrow margin, riding with scarcely an effort. A few more riders passed and little Fuller, the third scratch man, came tearing in, having lost 25 seconds by a bad fall and finishing upon a strange wheel.

CRICKET.

SOME BIG MATCHES.

On Aug. 20 the first team of the Victoria Cricket Club will be called upon to beat the best eleven that Portland can select. It will be remembered that the Victorians were defeated when they visited Portland. They will make a strong effort to wipe out this defeat and with the men at their disposal should be able to do so. The team will probably be composed of Messrs. Pooley, Wallis, Goward, Smith, Barnes, Poole, Loft, Gooch, Morley, Irving and Fall. Most of those named can be relied upon to make a good showing with the bat, while Wallis, Goward, Barnes and Morley are all bowling well. For wicket-keepers it would be hard to find a better pair than Smith and Poole. Victoria will also play Vancouver at Vancouver on Sept. 4th and Winnipeg at Victoria on Sept. 5th. The home games will be played at Caledonia Park. The Navy will play Winnipeg on Sept. 7.

THE TURF.

LUCKY BALDWIN.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—It is reported in the east that Lucky Baldwin may return from the turf as a result of the bad luck his string had early in the season. His youngsters by the Emperor of Nov. 10 became sick soon after reaching St. Louis and were very slow about rounding into form. Recently, however, they have been winning some races at Latonia and Detroit. It is settled we will not abandon the breeding of horses.

THE OAR.

GAUDAUR-STANSBURY.

Toronto, Aug. 18.—A London cable says that on Saturday Gaudaur and Stansbury signed articles of agreement to row on September 5 from Putney to Mortlake, on the Thames, the champion ship course, for the championship of the world, a purse of \$2500, and the Sportsman challenge cup. Gaudaur, the disputer says, is looking in the pick of condition.

CONTEMPT FOR DANGER.

"Familiarity with danger brings about an absolute contempt," said the man about town. "People who are compelled to engage in occupations which are considered risky begin with every nerve on a tension, and gradually lose consciousness that danger lurks about them and become practically callous. I saw this exemplified the other night while waiting for the Southern Pacific ferry to pull out from its pier. A bulky locomotive was pulling and blowing and tearing up and down the neutral ground on the river front, conveying cars to and from the big transfer vessel.

"On account of the steep grade on the incline the engine is compelled to put out a full head of steam and consequently travels very rapidly for a short distance. While this was going on I observed one of the switchmen, with a lantern in his hand step immediately in front of the locomotive. The big and massive piece of mechanism came rolling along, and just as it seemed that the man would be overwhelmed he nonchalantly raised his leg, indicated his body so an angle of forty-five degrees, and then next instant was on the fender and out of danger.

The sight of the ship would have meant the switchman's death, for had he missed his footing he would have gone under the wheels, and yet I have no doubt that he has been doing this for some years.

That tired, long-ridged feeling and dull headache is a disease peculiar to the two of us. Come's Little Liver Pill before retiring and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

and will continue doing so until finally he is crushed to atoms. Thousands of other railroad employees, like him, generally carry their lives in their hands, and really do not appreciate their danger. Constant intercourse with their occupation has rendered them hardened, and they step on and off moving trains with as little fear of the result as when an ordinary man steps over a doornail." —New Orleans Times.

VALUUM OF A HOBBY.

There is nothing so invigorating to the brain laborer as to have a hobby. By this is meant some pursuit outside the broad-winning work in which a keen interest is taken and to which leisure hours can be devoted. Music, volunteering, photography, collecting butterflies and autographs, or anything else, it matters not what if an additional interest in life is thereby gained. That is the main thing. Try for yourself, you will be surprised to find how much brighter you feel for this true recreation. The man of active mind is only bored by doing nothing; may, worse, he becomes a bore to others. Many a wife, who on a holiday, has seen her husband walk disconcertedly up and down the room complaining he has nothing to do, would emphatically endorse this statement. Some may say they have no spare time, but that is nonsense; if it is only a bare half hour a day it is well worth while to have it agreeably occupied. Those who make great names in the world almost without exception possess a hobby. Lord Salisburys has his chemistry, Mr. Balfour gains renewed vigor from golf and the study of metaphysics; Mr. James Payn plays whist during a portion of each afternoon, and Sir Arthur Sullivan is a chess player of no mean ability. These are only a few instances which occur at the moment.

TWO INTERESTING SPOTS.

The National Trust for places of historic interest or natural beauty calls attention to the fact that two opportunities have occurred for securing to the nation objects of interest at a comparatively small cost. Barras Head, on the Cornish coast, forms the north side of King Arthur's Cove, and immediately beyond it lies Tintagel castle. It comprises about fourteen acres. In September last it came into the market, and was bought by the Earl of Wharncliffe for the purpose of preserving it from being built upon. The Earl of Wharncliffe has now very kindly offered to allow the national trust to become possessors of the headland, for the sum given for it. It is thought that to be able to thus secure for the nation the most beautiful vantage point whence the old Cornish stronghold, so celebrated in the Arthurian legend, can be seen, and to preserve it for ever in its wild romantic beauty, unspoiled and unbuilt upon, must command itself to all lovers of English history and literature.

The other place is the pre-Reformation clergy-house at Alfriston, Sussex. This very interesting relic of the Middle Ages, situated in a secluded Sussex village, at the foot of the South Downs, has been made over to the vicar and ecclesiastical commissioners for the nominal sum of £10. The building is one both of interest and beauty. It is attributed to the fourteenth century, and is constructed on an oak framing, the interstices being filled in with wattle and daub. The central hall is open to the roof with large timber beams and moulded king posts. The greater part of the building is occupied by an old hall, which, when restored, the committee of the trust proposes should be used for library or village purposes, and as a place open to the public on proper conditions. The society earnestly appeals to those interested in its work to contribute funds for both or either of the above objects.—Westminster Gazette.

—My little

BEHIND THE SCENES.
The Queen has turned toward Lady Millais.

There is a world of meaning in the brief announcement contained in the Court Circular of July 2, to the effect that Lady Millais had arrived at Windsor Castle and had the honor of being presented to the Queen by Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise, the Marchioness of Lorne. For the Court Circular is revised each day by the Queen personally before being issued to the press, and the intimation thus conveyed is equivalent to a declaration from her Majesty ex cathedra that the social importance in force against the wife of the president of the Royal Academy is at an end.

Thirty years ago Lady Millais, a woman of rare beauty, whose features are reproduced in many of Sir John's most celebrated pictures, notably in the "Release of the Prisoner" and the "Huguenots Farewell," was the wife of John Ruskin, Millais at the time being a pupil in his studio. An attachment sprung up between young Millais and Mrs. Ruskin. With that unselfishness which has been one of the greatest characteristics of his entire career, John Ruskin declared that he had no intention of standing in the way of what he was convinced was his wife's happiness. Accordingly, following the chivalrous example set by Sir John Compton, formerly minister at Washington, and afterwards ambassador at Madrid, in the case of his wife, new Victoria Bulwer, who died as the Duchess of Fife, he permitted his wife to bring against him in the court at Edinburgh a suit of such a nature that it enabled Mrs. Ruskin to contract a matrimonial alliance a few months afterward with John Millais under her maiden name of Euphemia Gray. It may be added that John Ruskin remained the good friend of Mr. and Mrs. Millais just in the same way that Hans von Bulow remained the best friend of his ex-wife and of her second husband, the great composer, Richard Wagner. Indeed, the finest portrait ever painted by Sir John Millais is that which he did of his benefactor, John Ruskin, years after Mrs. Ruskin had been transformed into Mrs. Millais.

Society, however, was less tolerant, and until now the doors of a very large section of the London great world remained tightly closed against Lady Millais, her husband, meanwhile having been advanced to the rank of a baronet, by way of a national recognition of his marvellous talent. And the attitude of society was to a great extent endorsed by the Court, which has hitherto set its face sternly against graduates of the divorce court, no matter whether they are the injured party or not, and particularly against cases such as that of Lady Millais. The latter has, however, for some years past, had a firm friend in Princess Louise, the fourth daughter of the Queen, and who prides herself far more on her skill as an artist, both with the chisel and with the brush, than with being a royal princess. As soon, therefore, as the Princess found that Lord Salisbury had been led by important political considerations to induce the Queen to permit the presentation at a drawing-room of Lady Pibright, the divorced wife of Mr. Barnett, she at once tactfully brought her royal mother and pointed out to her how graceful a thing it would be to accord a similar honor to Lady Millais. The Queen has a very soft heart, and it was to this that Princess Louise appealed, arguing the pleasure and consolation which such an act of royal graciousness would afford to the dying president of the Royal Academy. Of course it was out of the question for Lady Millais to attend a drawing room at a moment when her husband is in the last stages of that frightful malady known as cancer of the larynx, to which the Queen's favorite son-in-law, Emperor Frederick of Germany, succumbed, so her Majesty conferred upon Lady Millais the very rare and unusual honor of a private presentation at Windsor Castle, a distinction so great that it may go far to assuage the many slights which have been undergone during the past thirty years by Lady Millais.—New Orleans Picayune.

COLLECTING FADS.

A foreign paper is responsible for the statement that the late Lord Randolph Churchill had a choice private collection of teeth of noted criminals, to which he was constantly adding up to a short time before his death. The competition for the Deeney relics is too recent and too revolting to be enlarged upon, but it may be mentioned that the axe and the knife with which this unmitigated villain murdered his victim fetched \$4 15¢, and the spade with which he dug her grave brought a guinea; his clothing was eagerly competed for, even down to half a dozen pair of patched socks. Indeed, the collectors of criminal "curios" are extremely numerous all over the world, and these mementos range from Tyburn-hairsto pipes which murderers have smoked, and pots which famous thieves have tossed in honor of past and future triumphs.

It has remained for a Nebraska collector to gather locks of hair shaved from the heads of noted criminals when they enter the penitentiary, and these he labels and indexes with great care. Superstition sometimes accounts for the fancy prices offered for such ghastly relics. Frenchmen obtain them as charms, nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land or improvements or real property.

It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands or improvements or real property to be sold, and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this by-law to be paid to him, and shall cause a copy of such list to be printed for a period of one month preceding the date of such intended sale in some newspaper published in the City of Victoria.

The advertisement shall contain a notice that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands or improvements or real property for the taxes, on a day, a time, and at a place named in the advertisement.

The Collector shall, at least two months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the postoffice to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due, and that the property is to be sold for arrears as due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown, a notice to the

PAST YOUR PRIME.

Perhaps not in years, but in energy. Your health is not good, yet you hardly know what is the matter with you. Your business, too, is on the decline. People miss the old elastic spirit you showed in former years. The secret of all this is that your constitution is worn out and your blood is bad. Set both right by the use of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One box will cure you of

DYSPEPSIA
RHEUMATISMCATARRH
HEADACHE
AILMENTS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.POOR BLOOD
INDIGESTION
LIVER COMPLAINT
LOSS OF APPETITE
SEVERE KIDNEY DISEASES.

Thousands of sufferers have publicly testified to the efficacy of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are the best, and use the best. One pill a dose, one cent a dose, 25 cents a box.

For Sale by all dealers, or by the manufacturers, Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Use Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for all throat and lung trouble. Large bottle, small dose, small price, 25.

Ladies, a fine line of Al scissors and shear at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

The Strength of the whole is in the Healthfulness of the Parts,



It is made without red wax, and is automatically closed, not a wedge.

ALPHA RUBBER CO., P. O. Box 22, Montreal.

Manufacturers of Fine Rubber Goods.

A little pamphlet entitled "Sense" is sent free upon application. Send for it.

No. 299.

A BY-LAW.

To Authorize the Sale of Lands Within the City of Victoria Upon Which Taxes Have Been Due and in Arrear for Two Years.

Whereas it is expedient that all lands or improvements or real property within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, upon which municipal taxes have been due and in arrear for two years, shall be sold, and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes:

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 3rd day of July, A.D. 1896, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have said by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G. M. C.

No. 258.

A BY-LAW.

A By-Law Respecting the Qualification of Electors at Municipal Elections for the City of Victoria.

Whereas, by section 4 of section 5 of the "Municipal Elections Act, 1896," it is enacted that the council of any municipality may, by by-law, provide that electors otherwise qualified shall be entitled to vote, notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the municipality;

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Electors otherwise qualified to vote at any municipal election in the Municipality of Victoria shall be entitled to vote at such election notwithstanding the non-payment of taxes, rates and assessments due or payable by such electors to the municipality.

Sec. 2. This by-law may be cited as the "Municipal Elections By-Law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 3d day of July, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 6th day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.S.) ROBERT BEAVEN,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, G. M. C.

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British Columbia.**OBEAH MEN.**

The Terrible Work of Poisoners in the West Indies.

LILLOOET.
B. C. Mining Journal.
Quartz mining is becoming as great an industry in Lillooet now as the quartz and hydraulic mines used to be several years ago, and it is to be hoped that fewer drawbacks will be experienced in the present mode than were felt in the other, solely for the lack of sufficient water and the great sums it would have required to build conveyances for the much-needed supply.

It is reported that twenty men have been put at work on the Golden Eagle with the intention of securing several tons of rock which is to be shipped below to some stamp mill so that it may prove its value to its purchasers and let them know whether it will justify bringing a mill from there and setting it on a spot near the mine.

QUEENSLAND.
B. C. Mining Journal.
The steamer Charlote, built by the C.P.R. Co., to run on the Fraser, was launched on the 3rd inst. There was quite a celebration.

A Mr. McKinnon left two days ago for Fort George, a distance of about 120 miles by trail, to perform a marriage ceremony.

Colonel Morgan, president of the Pittsburgh company, arrived here by last stage accompanied by Mr. Handy, who is employed in the Alberni works in Pittsburgh. The dredge has been prospecting for a few days in front of the town and will start Monday to the ground owned by the river.

ENGLISHMAN'S RIVER.

Last week Mr. and Mrs. Adam Birkenstock paid the settlement a visit. They have made their home in Alberni as Mr. Birkenstock has work in the Duke of York mine. He says the fire has not stopped the working at all.

On the 14th a sad accident happened to little Bertie Heller, the second son of Mr. Clines Heller, whilst playing in the stable a heavy door fell on him and broke his leg above the knee. Mrs. Heller, who was alone, had to wait some time for help, but at 5 p.m., when the road men returned from work, the doctor was telephoned from Wellington and Mr. Morrison drove off to fetch his father. He is now out of danger, although he will be some time before he will be able to go out.

NANAIMO.
Mr. John Cartmire, for many years a resident of Wellington, died at the Nanaimo Hospital yesterday from consumption. He was a native of Scotland, aged 54 years, and leaves a widowed daughter, Mrs. Bertram, to mourn his loss, his wife having died about a year ago.

Word was received from Chemainus that the crew of the British bark Jessie Osborne, Captain Page, which is loading there for Geraldton, had deserted. The American bark Alex. McNeil, Captain Jorgenson, which has been loading at Maple Bay, has been looking for a crew and sailed a day or two ago for Port Angeles to obtain one. It is supposed that the Osborne's crew have skipped to Port Angeles and shipped on the Alex. McNeil.

On Sunday afternoon the funeral of the late Miss Edith Montgomery Gordon, daughter of the late D. W. Gordon, took place from the residence of her brother-in-law, Mr. W. Hunter, Newcastle Townsite. The funeral service took place at St. Paul's church, and Rev. Canon Good officiated.

LEVEL FOREST.
Kootenay Mail.

Never before in the history of the Big Bend has so much assessment work been done on quartz properties as has this season. Work has been performed on about 20 claims and every one is promising, showing well defined fissure veins. Generally the veins cut the formation north to south and the larger ones run southeast and north west. The large leads are all between three and thirty feet wide and stand some ten feet clear above the ground. The idea expressed by some people that Big Bend leads are "pocketed" is now disproved as the veins are continuous enough to carry, as one does, nine claims, all with defined walls and good showings. The veins are mostly free milling on the surface, but one or two show sulphides.

The body of Jake Hoar was discovered on Wednesday at Trout Lake under four feet of snow. The fingers of one hand on which was a black mit were first discovered by the dog, "Tuck." The dog stopped behind the body and howled when near the body and a search disclosed the cause of his uneasiness. The body was in a very fair condition. It had been under the snow since last January, and was decently buried alongside poor Brockbridge on the side of one of the "everlasting hills" whose heads touch Heaven."

Tom Horne and Madison got into Trout Lake City a day or two ago after a 26 days' trip up the Duncan country. They made some good locations.

FOOTWEAR.
Perhaps the idea of wearing wooden socks might seem ridiculous, but it's just what some people in Germany are doing, and very nice socks they are too. The wood is reduced to a long silky fibre and made into a yarn out of which the socks are knit, making a warmer, more durable, and just as soft protection as wooden ones. In a similar way the pure spruce fibre is made into the interlining called Fibro Chamois, which provides for clothing an absolute protection against raw air and cold winds because it is a complete non-conductor of heat and cold, keeping in the natural heat and keeping out every breath of cold. This fabric has also been made waterproof so that the rain never penetrates it, and is so light in weight and inexpensive that a layer of it provides the acne of comfort for all outdoor clothing.

Six weeks ago I suffered with a very severe cold, was almost unable to speak. My friends all advised me to consult a physician. Noticing Cambrian's Cough Remedy advertised in the St. Paul's Volks Zeitung I procured a bottle, and after taking it a short time was entirely well. I now most heartily recommend this remedy to anyone suffering from a cold. Wm. Kell, 1778 Second Avenue, St. Paul, Minn. For sale by all druggists, Henderson Bros. & Langley, wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

It Makes a Good Breakfast.

Packed in air tight tin cans only.
CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

law, and could not be made to testify truly. Then possibly he feels a little afraid of the Obeah man himself—such is the force of association.

When the Obeah is set for a colored man, the mode of operation is simple. One of the most frequent complaints in the country districts is dysentery, and the Obeah man can produce all the symptoms of dysentery in a whole family without difficulty. It is done by mixing small quantities of powdered glass with their food; and if this is continued long enough, the result is death. The symptoms are nearly so like those of dysentery that nothing short of an autopsy will reveal the truth, and in the Jamaican mountains an autopsy is a very unusual thing, so the poisoner goes unpunished. The first warning a colored man receives is usually the finding of a little pocket in his bed, or any place where he is sure to find it, containing a tooth, a bit of glass and a few hairs. This is sometimes varied with a bottle containing parts of a toad, a spider, some rusty nails and dirty water. The black, unless he is more than usually intelligent, gives himself up for lost when he finds these things. He knows that sickness or death will overtake himself or some of his family, or at least that his donkey or poultry will die. Many of Obeah men draw the line just short of actual killing. But no one of them hesitates to inflict mental tortures upon the ignorant by pretending to catch their shadows, and by other catchy devices with which they are familiar. No man of learning has made a closer study of Obeahism than Charles Kingsley, and he says unhesitatingly that "the most practically important element of Obeah is poisoning." The Obeah man who hesitates to take human life with poison does not hesitate to throw whole families into sickness or to kill their domestic animals.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

RESPIRATION OF FISHES.

They Are Sometimes Drowned—Some Live for a Time Out of Water.

The fish's gills, which are practically its lungs, are bushy laminae bony arches, the number of laminae varies in different fishes. Each of these laminae has within it many minute blood vessels. The gill coverings are usually bony.

All living water contains more or less air; fish could not live in water without air. The fish is continually breathing; it takes in water through its mouth, passes it under the gills and out through the gill openings, or it takes in water through the gill openings and passes it under the gills and out through the mouth. From the water thus kept constantly flowing over the gills, it absorbs into the many minute blood vessels of the gills, and so into the blood, the air which it requires to aerate the blood. Many fishes, as for example the trout, come to the surface and take in water and air at a gill, or perhaps air only, filling their air bladders in that way.

Fishes are often drowned, and from a variety of causes. If a fish is caught on a hook through one of its jaws, and the mouth is held open, respiration is interfered with and the fish will finally drown. Sometimes a fish is forced against a wall or a rock and held there by a tide or current, one gill being, perhaps, thus made useless. It may be unable with a single gill to supply itself with sufficient air, and so it may drown. Sometimes a fish becomes wedged in between rocks in such a manner that it cannot use its gills at all, and then it drowns. Fishes caught in gill nets are unable to use their gills and they drown.

If a fish is where it can be observed readily, as, for instance, in a tank at an aquarium, it will be seen to be always breathing. If the fish is inactive, simply lying in the water, the movement of the gill covers may be very slight, just enough to show the opening into the gill cavity and to admit a small volume of water. If the fish is more active and breathing hard, it may throw out the ends of the gill covers enough to reveal the red gills in the cavity back of them. Long, slow breathing is an indication of strength and of good health in a fish. Exercise or continued exertion accelerates the breathing of a fish as it does the breathing of a man.

In aquarium fishes are kept in circulating tanks and in self-sustaining tanks; in self-sustaining tanks the water is kept aerated by the introduction of plant life in circulating tanks by an inflow of new water, either constant or at intervals, the old water running off by an overflow pipe. When the water is turned on in a circulating tank it is a common thing to see the fishes cluster around the intake opening, as humans beings might go to a window in a room, when a breeze had sprung up, for a breath of fresh air. The fishes enjoy the incoming flow of fresh, sweet water with its new stores of air, and they head up close to it, their gill covers opening and closing as they bathe their gills in the refreshing tide. Sometimes the water for circulating tanks is additionally aerated by permitting it to flow for a short space, from the receiving pipe to the distributing tank, through the open air. In the case of sick or ailing fish the water of a tank is sometimes still further charged with air by agitating a stream to flow into it from above, falling for a short space through the open air.

As a rule, fishes do not live long out of water, but there are some that will live for a considerable time. Saltwater windows, for example, in the fall can be kept alive for four or five days if kept in a moist seaweed and where a current of air can get to them. The minute gills open and close their gills in substance

Above all drinks for the morning meal. Coffee stands supreme. The odor of it, rich and pungent, prevades the house like an incense. It is our claim and pride that we supply the homes of the land with Coffee of the finest quality. The best the earth affords we give them. There is no variation in the quality of our "Seal Brand" Coffee, every package is of the same high grade. On it our reputation stands.

Packed in air tight tin cans only.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

the same manner as when in the water. The minnows in seaweed would live much longer than the same number in a small body of water, from which they would soon exhaust the oxygen constituent part of air required to sustain life.

A sturgeon, whose sides have been kept dampened, has been known to live for forty-eight hours out of water. Fishes of the herring family, of which the shad is one, are very delicate; they soon die out of water. Tols will live out of water, in seaweed kept moist for two or three weeks. Some fishes, killies, carp, mudfish, breams, and some others, can be shipped long distances if packed in moist water-weeds.

There are some fishes which in nature spend more or less of their lives out of water. The climbing perch is one of these. The climbing perch, by means of its fins, climbs up the inclined stem of trees or plants growing near the water which it inhabits; it has an accessory gill which holds sufficient water to keep its gills moist for some hours. The goby comes out of the water at the edge of the land to feed, chiefly on insects. The mudfish has under its jaws a little reservoir of water with which to bathe its gills and sufficient to sustain life for some hours out of water.

Take His Flesh in Agency.
"I was troubled with blind Ichting pines for 20 years was unable to work and tore my flesh in agony. United States and Canadian doctors failed to relieve. Chase's Ointment was a Godsend. I am a better man than in 20 years, and am able to work every day." Philip Wallace, blacksmith, Troquon, Ont. Chase's Ointment cures piles, eczema, and irritant diseases. All drug gists, 60c. per box.

A good story is told by Sir Robert Low of the difficulties he had with the field telegraph in the Chitral campaign. The cables were at first laid across the tops of the wires as they thought it was a mark for parcelling out the country among the soldiers, but on being told that it was to be sent messages to India, they agreed to go round it.

As, however, they did not see any messages passing along, they cut off a couple of miles of wire and took it away to another channel, and so they did. Their investigations were interrupted by the return of the engineers to see what had happened to the wire and why communications were cut off.

Modesty!

Makes thousands of women suffer in silence, rather than tell their troubles to anyone. To such Indian woman's Balm is a perfect boon. It cures all womb troubles, corrects monthly irregularities, abolishes the agonies of child-birth, makes weak women strong, and renders life worth living.

South American Nerve.

In a dim and black—it has a horror for me, I do not like it—room, I recall that I was a poor weak immature irascible man. I recited nights of quiet yet joyful hours of the days and days of indecision

in which I used the remedies of the Hindu Medical Institute.

THAT WAS before—I bid you adieu. I found Hudyan was indeed a wonderful specific. I found new life in the great Hudyan. I found Hudyan does cure you of your trouble.

say in

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ACROSS THE BORDER

Lord Russell, Chief Justice of England, is Being Royally Entertained.

Another Expedition Landed in Cuba—Insurgents Destroying Much Property

American Goods in French Markets—Yanquis Join Revolutionary Movements.

Dobbs Ferry, N.Y., Aug. 18.—Lord Russell, chief justice of England, is being royally entertained here. Henry Vinton, Lord Russell's host, declares the chief justice is delighted with his visit to the United States, and has expressed great admiration of the scenery along the Hudson.

Philadelphia, Aug. 18.—Information has been received here by the Cuban revolutionary party that an expedition consisting of seventy-five men and a large quantity of war munitions landed in Cuba last Thursday. The expedition was originally sent out from this country and went to a South American port, whence the landing was made. A number of Americans, including several Philadelphians, are said to be in the party.

The British steamship *Ardanuse* arrived at this port last night from Havana, Sagua, Matanzas and Daiquiri, with a cargo of sugar and iron ore. She shifted two-thirds of the coast of Cuba and camp-fires of the insurgents on the mountain tops were distinctly seen. The destruction of property by torches was also visible. Hundreds of acres of sugar cane and millions of dollars' worth of machinery have been swept away within a short time. While at Sagua the *Ardanuse* was overhauled three times by a Spanish combatant. At Daiquiri the vessel loaded iron ore at the Spanish-American mines. These mines are surrounded by insurgents who are practically in possession of the place.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The French people who have for so long imposed upon the credulous American public by shipping to them as the finest French products Maine herring and Southern cotton seed oil in the shape of sardines and olive oil, are now suffering from a counter imposition which is brought to light by United States Consul Germain at Zurich. In the course of his report to the state department on the subject of American dried fruits in Switzerland, he speaks of the success that attended the introduction in France last season of California prunes. Then following out the prospect thus opened up he says the French receivers are arranging to have all such fruits packed in cases similar to those used in France and bearing French marks, so that the goods may be sold to the world as French fruit.

Nogales, Arizona, Aug. 18.—Word has been received here to the effect that Yanquis, numbering about 1,000, employed in placer mining in Alter, district of Sonora, Cimex, 80 miles southwest of Nogales, have arisen in sympathy with the recent revolutionary movement at that place.

Oswego, N.Y., Aug. 18.—Three huge funnel-shaped water-scoops formed in Lake Ontario about two miles off this port at 7 o'clock this morning, moved down the lake and attracted a great deal of attention. Shortly after they burst and disappeared and then came a heavy rain and hailstorm. The latter did some damage to crops.

THEY WANT THE CAZAR,

Berlinians Are Anxious That the Czar Should Visit Their City.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—The question which is now agitating the minds of the inhabitants of the German capital is whether or not the Czar will come to Berlin. Up to this time it has merely been officially announced that the Czar and Czarina will be the guests of the Emperor at Breslau and Goerlitz, but as Vienna and Paris will be the scenes of elaborate receptions, the Berliners are jealousy anxious lest the Czar and Czarina should slight their city. Some of the newspapers declare that it is their belief that it is the intention of the Russian Emperor to come here, but to give him an aspect of minor importance. This has aroused the leaders of official circles, as evidenced by an "inspired" article in the Cologne Gazette, which not only sharply rebukes the grumblers but is seemingly intended to give positive intimation to the public that it is not the intention of Nicholas II to visit the city of Berlin at all and has not been from the first. The paper makes no direct announcement to this effect, however, and the whole matter probably awaits the definite decision of the Czar.

WONT TAKE THE STUMP.

Hanns Says McKinley's Plans Are Not Changed.

Cleveland, Aug. 18.—Major McKinley and Chairman Hanna met at the latter's home in this city and talked over the campaign. Mr. Hanna said he was very much pleased with the progress of affairs. More than 15,000,000 documents had been mailed from Chicago headquarters within the past two weeks.

"The situation in the West is improving daily," he remarked. "The work of education is having a good effect."

Mr. Hanna said the speaking campaign would probably be well under way within the next ten days. When asked if Major McKinley would take the stump, Mr. Hanna replied: "Major McKinley has made no change in his plans. He will not take the stump in this cam-

paign. It has been hinted that he might go to Milwaukee to address the convention of the Republican League. He will not do so."

Mr. McKinley will return home tomorrow and Mr. Hanna will start for New York to-morrow evening. The national chairman said he was not informed as to the progress of the campaign in the East, for the reason that he had been so busy in Chicago that he had no time to read his letters.

THEOSOPHISTS IN PARIS.

Mrs. Tingley Regarded as Madame Blavatsky's Successor.

Paris, Aug. 18.—The American crusaders, who are here in the interest of theosophy opened a theosophical mission for the benefit of the members of the English speaking colony to-night. Mrs. Katharine A. Tingley, of New York, who is regarded by many of the theosophists in Europe and America as the successor of the late Madame Blavatsky, delivered the principal lecture of the evening.

A PARISIAN DANDY'S EXPERIENCE.

A young dandy of the type variously known in Paris as "exquis," "gourmet" or "creve," went out recently, says a Paris correspondent, for a quiet stroll incognito in the Champs Elysees, and to keep himself cool, arrayed himself in a light overcoat, eliminating all the other useful or fashionable articles of attire that usually fill up the space between it and the body. He looked faultless and elegant, however, to a lady friend who stopped him, entered into conversation, and finally took him out for a drive in the Bois. When her victim pulled up at her house she invited him to come in and have a cup of tea, or, as she elegantly termed it, "fève-o'clock." Absorbed by the interesting gossip they had been discussing, this modern Apollo entered the hospitable apartments where a number of guests were awaiting the arrival of the hostess. Just outside the open door of the salon an obsequious servant boy, extended his white-gloved hands, in the twinkling of an eye, whisked off the gentleman's overcoat, and then stood suddenly still transfixed with horror. The youth, half naked, and wholly ashamed, uttered a scream of despair, which brought the guests to the spot, and a scene ensued to which Hogarth himself could hardly have done justice. One wit suggested that the gentleman had mistaken the place for a Hammam, and another remarked that Dr. X died overhead—but the bewildested young man, paying no heed to these saloons, darted down stairs, leaving his coat in the hands of the astute servant, and taking temporary refuge in the concierge's lodge, where he had an attack known her as crise des nerfs. That young man may now consider himself a social pariah for a long time to come. He might easily have held his own against a serious scandal, but ridiculous would wreck an angel from heaven.

THE NEW GERMAN CODE.

When Germany became an empire twenty-five years ago nearly 100 separate judicial systems existed in different states of the empire, most of them based on the old Roman law, and some of the code Napoleon, while others had independent and conflicting features. The great work of framing a uniform civil code for the empire was immediately begun, and the recent completion of this work and its final adoption by the German Reichstag mark an important epoch in the history of Germany.

The new code is to take effect on the first day of the twentieth century. The new code follows the old Germanic rather than the Roman law. One sharp difference is the recognition of mutual rather than individual rights, and a larger application of the principle of equity. For example, a tenant who has proved his dwelling to be unfit for habitation is released from his contract, whereas formerly he could have been rigidly held up to it. The power of summary eviction is curtailed. Important changes are made in the laws of marriage and divorce. Marriage is made a civil contract, and a civil service is made compulsory. The divorce laws, which in Prussia and in some parts of the empire have been very lax, are made strict. Divorce will be permitted only in cases of proved infidelity or incurable insanity, and even judicial separation will be difficult to obtain.

A FAMOUS HOSTELRY DOOMED.

Another famous London hostelry, the Greyhound at Dulwich, is doomed to destruction, the ground being wanted for building purposes. The hostelry has been in existence for nearly two hundred years, over a century of which it was in the hands of the Middlecott family, and it has always been the favorite spot in the neighborhood for cricket matches, charity fêtes and the like. The delightful old trees in the grounds have sheltered many a celebrity in the course of the last two centuries, and the bowing green at the rear of the hotel has been the scene of many an exciting contest in the good old days while Thackeray, Dickens, Merri Melton and others of equal fame have been frequent visitors in their day to the Long Dog, as it was familiarly called. During the building of the Crystal Palace Sir Joseph Paxton was often seen enjoying his midday meal in the grounds, but unless the resolution which is to come before the Camberwell vestry has effect, requesting as it does, the owners to reconsider their decision in order that the rural aspect of the village may be preserved, as it was in the days when Dickens and Thackeray delighted in its sylvan shades, the place of many memories will be no more.

Dyer—I hear that Carlton has gone into the mining business. Once you have secured a position as school teacher.

TOO MUCH RED TAPE

Samoa Languishes Under International Agreement—Treaty a Failure.

How King's Salary is Doled out to Him by Foreigners—Starting Report.

Washington City, Aug. 18.—Colonel General James H. Milligan, at Apia, Samoa, has made a voluminous report to the state department upon the condition of the islands. A portion of the report is devoted to a review of the government of the islands by the United States, Germany and Great Britain, under the Berlin treaty. This treaty, Mr. Milligan concludes, was a mistake, and to maintain it is to persist in a mistake.

The present status, he says, "is an injustice to the people of the United States and a grave wrong to the people of Samoa. If it be said that the treaty, so far as it concerns Samoa, has made matters no worse, it can be claimed with equal truth that it has failed to make them better in any particular. The admission of either postulate is to confess a failure."

As to the present government of Samoa he says:

"A recognized and reigning king is dependent for his support on the voluntary contributions of the country, in fact of that portion of his family or tribe who adhere to him, while foreign officers of his government enjoy salaries from his revenue far in excess of the value of the services performed. When a pitance of his nominal salary, long in arrears, is doled out to him, it comes from the hands of a foreign official, who exercises his pleasure to pay or withhold. His lawful wife is in no sense queen, nor more entitled to consideration than the half-clad women who file back and forth along the beaches. A straggling village within and part of the kingdom, levies import and export duties on every dollar's worth of merchandise brought in or shipped out of the kingdom, levying out of its revenue to the kingdom barely enough to pay the most meagre expenses and the salaries of foreign officials."

"All the machinery of the government—perhaps it is not too much to say of several governments—is in active operation within the precincts of this little town. The guns of great men-of-war, year in and year out, frown ominously upon this shore in support of the government and the law which does not exist within their effective ranges, and yet an offender within half a dozen miles of the seat of so many authorities defies the processes of the court and rebuffs the power of the invalidated government. In the midst of all, white-clad messengers of crown and council sit to and fro along the blinding beach, the bearers of impossible envelopes, which are covered, the stately communications that round out the measures of time in this kindergarten of diplomacy.

"In the meantime no clearing is made, no plantation is extended. The country which, at best, under its many disadvantages needs all the stimulus of peace, all the security that government can assure, visibly languishes. There is no immigration, no influx of capital or suggestion of enterprise. All wait for that undefined something—that change which is to come; wait as they have waited for thirty years; wait for the abrogation of the treaty, as they and their fathers waited for its coming."

Only a small part of the islands, he says, are under control of this government; back from the shore and in the towns the people do as they please.

The treaty, made by three governments for the government of a fourth, is not considered a success. The different forms of government sought to be brought together are irreconcileable. There is too much friction.

"No, Marie, you do not love me any more?"

"No, Charles; your sweet escapades have changed in my heart. I can never be but a sister to you."

"Only a sister, eh?"

"Yes, I'm sorry to say, only a sister."

"Yes, true sister!"

"Well, then lend me a dollar."

"What a sweet baby you have, Mrs. Winter. Does it talk at all yet?"

"Yes, it can say 'mama' beautifully. We are going to put it on a bicycle next week."

"How nice! Does it walk at all?"

"Not yet, but it will in a few months old."

"Not half a year yet!"

ROYAL Baking Powder.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—U.S. Government Report.



No Other Medicine SO THOROUGH AS

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Statement of a Well Known Doctor

"No other blood medicine that I have ever used, and I have tried them all, is so thorough in its action, and affects so many diseases, as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."

Dr. H. P. Morris, August 18.

Ayer's The Only Sarsaparilla

Admitted at the World's Fair.

Ayer's Pills for Liver and Bowels.

Look at These Prices!

Small Tea Spoons, guaranteed best quality.....	\$3.00 per doz.
Large Tea Spoons, " " "	3.25 "
Dessert Spoons, " " "	4.75 "
Table Spoons, " " "	5.50 "
Dessert Forks, " " "	4.75 "
Medium Forks, " " "	5.00 "
Dessert Knives, " " "	4.25 "
Medium Knives, " " "	4.50 "

Come and See the Goods.

DAVIDSON BROS.,

The Jewellers,
59 Government Street.

NOW FOR "FORTY WINKS."

Well-dined humanity will feel relieved to hear the decision of the medical mystics that the time-honored administration of "forty winks" after dinner is conducive to health and a peaceful digestive process. Plump, full-blooded persons have feared to indulge in this tempting settling of a heavy meal. Several English physicians have made a severe attack on the idea, finding it to be a nightmare, but the Medical Press declares this idea is founded on a misapprehension of the physiological functions of the brain and body. And this is what it says, answering the question, "Is it harmful to fall asleep after a meal?" By no means. The process is merely a physiological one, and as such when it is followed by a walk, will be of great benefit.

Which is the most comfortable doctrine, but one that offers a new development in the attractions of dinner parties or public gastes, after coming off the posse confite, is the "forty winks" of modern fashion? Would these heavy dinners be able to restrain the snores with which nature afflicts the childless? What are the arguments in favor of "forty winks"? The "forty winks" method is in process, nature arranges that all the available blood to the body shall be collected in and about the digestive organs. Consequently the supply to the brain fails to low ebb, and the sleep is easily induced. On the other hand, physiologically, it is wrong for brain work to be attempted immediately after a meal.

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